



ELC1

1  
00:00:00,179 --> 00:00:03,510  
A spacewalk outside the space station ...

2  
00:00:03,510 --> 00:00:07,059  
Testing a motor critical to the safety of Orion ...

3  
00:00:07,059 --> 00:00:12,190  
And some surprising findings about asteroid Bennu ... a few of the stories to tell you

4  
00:00:12,190 --> 00:00:15,330  
about – This Week at NASA!

5  
00:00:15,330 --> 00:00:20,530  
On March 22, our Anne McClain and Nick Hague conducted a spacewalk outside the International

6  
00:00:20,530 --> 00:00:25,310  
Space Station – the first of three planned spacewalks in the coming weeks to upgrade

7  
00:00:25,310 --> 00:00:27,340  
the station's power system.

8  
00:00:27,340 --> 00:00:32,140  
The first two excursions will complete the replacement of nickel-hydrogen batteries with

9  
00:00:32,140 --> 00:00:35,050  
new, more powerful lithium-ion batteries.

10  
00:00:35,050 --> 00:00:39,910  
McClain and Christina Koch are scheduled to continue the series with the first all-female

11  
00:00:39,910 --> 00:00:41,890  
spacewalk on March 29.

12  
00:00:41,890 --> 00:00:48,740  
Canada's David Saint-Jacques will join Hague  
for another spacewalk on April 8.

13  
00:00:48,740 --> 00:00:53,560  
Engineers conducted a static hot-fire test  
of the motor on our Orion spacecraft's Launch

14  
00:00:53,560 --> 00:00:59,360  
Abort System, on March 20 at a Northrop Grumman  
facility in Elkton, Maryland.

15  
00:00:59,360 --> 00:01:04,140  
The 30-second test was the first in a series  
of three, aimed at qualifying the motor for

16  
00:01:04,140 --> 00:01:05,720  
human spaceflight.

17  
00:01:05,720 --> 00:01:11,140  
The motor is designed to steer Orion and its  
crew away to safety in the unlikely event

18  
00:01:11,140 --> 00:01:14,659  
of an emergency during launch.

19  
00:01:14,659 --> 00:01:21,080  
Our OSIRIS-REx spacecraft, which will return  
a sample of near-Earth asteroid Bennu in 2023,

20  
00:01:21,080 --> 00:01:26,170  
has seen particle plumes erupting from Bennu  
– the first-ever close-up observations of

21  
00:01:26,170 --> 00:01:29,450  
particle plumes erupting from an asteroid's  
surface.

22  
00:01:29,450 --> 00:01:34,620

The spacecraft has also discovered Bennu's surface is more rugged than expected – challenging

23  
00:01:34,620 --> 00:01:39,820  
the mission team to alter its flight and sample collection plans, due to the rough terrain.

24  
00:01:39,820 --> 00:01:44,630  
The OSIRIS-REx mission could help us learn more about the origins of our solar system,

25  
00:01:44,630 --> 00:01:50,290  
and improve our understanding of asteroids that could impact Earth.

26  
00:01:50,290 --> 00:01:56,579  
Astronomers have found a pulsar about 6,500 light-years away in the constellation Cassiopeia

27  
00:01:56,579 --> 00:02:02,450  
that is blazing through space at nearly 2.5 million miles an hour — so fast it could

28  
00:02:02,450 --> 00:02:06,899  
travel the distance between Earth and the Moon in just 6 minutes.

29  
00:02:06,899 --> 00:02:14,469  
The pulsar, dubbed PSR J0002, was discovered using our Fermi Gamma-ray Space Telescope

30  
00:02:14,469 --> 00:02:19,590  
and the National Science Foundation's Karl G. Jansky Very Large Array.

31  
00:02:19,590 --> 00:02:26,000  
Pulsars are superdense, rapidly spinning neutron stars left behind when a massive star explodes.

32  
00:02:26,000 --> 00:02:31,709

This one spins 8.7 times a second, producing a pulse of gamma rays with each rotation.

33

00:02:31,709 --> 00:02:35,409

That's what's up this week @NASA ...